



58th ANNUAL CONFERENCE OF ODISHA ECONOMIC ASSOCIATION & INTERNATIONAL SEMINAR

February 7-8, 2026

Bhubaneswar
on

**India and the Global Trade:
Commodities, Agreements
& Policies And Circular
Economy of Odisha**



School of Economics & Commerce

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In Collaboration with:

**School of Economics
& Commerce**

**KIIT Deemed to be University
Bhubaneswar**



TEMPLE CITY
OF BHUBANESWAR, Odisha, India



58th

**ANNUAL CONFERENCE
OF ODISHA ECONOMIC
ASSOCIATION &
INTERNATIONAL
SEMINAR**

ODISHA ECONOMIC ASSOCIATION

The Odisha Economic Association (OEA), founded in 1968, is one of the oldest regional academic associations in India dedicated to the promotion of economic thought, teaching, and research. The Association was accorded the status of a learned registered society by the Government of Odisha under the Societies Registration Act, 1868, bearing Registration Number 5358/1968-69 dated 27 April 1968. Since its inception, the Odisha Economic Association has played a significant role in shaping academic discourse in economics within the state and has earned recognition for its sustained contribution to the discipline.

The Association was established at Ravenshaw College, Cuttack, under the leadership of Professor Sadasiv Mishra, who served as its first President. He was supported by a committed group of eminent economists and scholars, including Dr. Debendra Chandra Mishra, Dr. Chakradhar Mishra, Dr. Kshetra Mohan Patnaik, Shri Ghanashyam Das, Dr. Baidyanath Misra, who functioned as the first Secretary of the Association, Dr. Bidyadhar Mishra, and Shri Ranga Lal Agarwal. Their collective vision and academic commitment provided a strong institutional foundation that continues to guide the Association's activities.

At present, the Odisha Economic Association has a membership base of about 818 individual life members along with two institutional members, reflecting its wide academic reach and continued relevance among economists, teachers, and researchers. The broad objectives of the Association include providing a platform for periodic interaction among economists to deliberate on issues of contemporary economic importance, imparting relevant information and professional expertise to teachers of economics in Odisha with a view to improving teaching methods and academic standards, and stimulating as well as promoting research in the discipline of economics within the state.

The Association is currently led by Prof. Jagannath Lenka, Former Professor of Economics, former Head of the Department of Economics, and former Chairman of the Post-Graduate Council at The Maharaja Sriram Chandra Bhanja Deo University, Baripada, who serves as the present President of the Odisha Economic Association. Over the years, the Association has been guided by several distinguished scholars as Presidents, including Professor Prasanta K. Pattanaik of the University of California, USA, Professor Prabhat Patnaik of Jawaharlal Nehru University, Professor Santosh Panda, former Pro-Vice-Chancellor of South Asian University, New Delhi, Professor Pulin Nayak, former Director of the Delhi School of Economics, and Professor Manoj Panda, former Director of the Institute of Economic Growth, Delhi. Through its long-standing tradition, distinguished leadership, and commitment to academic excellence, the Odisha Economic Association continues to serve as a vital forum for advancing economic scholarship in Odisha and beyond.

58th ANNUAL CONFERENCE OF OEA

The 58th Annual Conference of the Odisha Economic Association (OEA) will be held at the School of Economics and Commerce (KSEC), KIIT Deemed to be University, Bhubaneswar on February 7–8, 2026 (Friday–Saturday). The OEA and the KSEC, KIIT University, are jointly organising the conference on two broad themes: (A) India and the Global Trade: Commodities, Agreements, and Policies, and (B) Circular Economy of Odisha.

THEME 1:

India and the Global Trade: Commodities, Agreements & Policies

The twenty-first century has brought far-reaching transformations in the global trade landscape, shaped by rising geopolitical tensions, rapid technological change, and growing sustainability concerns. Multipolarity, digitalization, and deepening interdependence now define international trade, with South–South trade gaining increasing prominence. Ongoing trade frictions between the United States and China as well as the United States and India, the Russia–Ukraine conflict, and the emergence of regional trade blocs are reshaping trade routes and strategic alliances. At the same time, digital trade, e-commerce, and cross-border IT services are expanding much faster than traditional goods trade, while climate commitments are pushing global value chains toward renewable energy, low-carbon technologies, and circular economy models.

Asia's rise, particularly that of China, India, and ASEAN economies has significantly altered global trade balances. As the world's fourth-largest economy with a large domestic market, India has emerged as a pivotal player in this evolving trade architecture. India is currently the ninth-largest exporter of services and ranks among the top twenty exporters of goods globally. Its major exports include petroleum products, pharmaceuticals, IT and IT-enabled services, textiles, and agricultural commodities, while key imports consist of crude oil, gold, electronics, chemicals, and machinery. The services sector, led by IT, fintech, and business process outsourcing, plays a crucial role in offsetting India's trade deficit, while manufacturing exports are increasingly supported by policy initiatives such as "Make in India" and the Production Linked Incentive schemes.

Despite these strengths, India faces several structural challenges in international trade, including a persistent trade deficit driven by heavy dependence on crude oil and electronics imports, high logistics and transport costs, port congestion, inadequate cold-chain infrastructure, rising tariffs, and stringent non-tariff and sustainability standards in developed markets. Competition from low-cost manufacturing economies such as Vietnam, Bangladesh, and China further intensifies these challenges.

To enhance trade competitiveness and emerge as a global manufacturing hub, India is positioning itself as a leader in renewable energy, green hydrogen, and sustainable technologies; expanding exports in IT services, fintech, edtech, and e-commerce; actively engaging in global trade governance through the WTO and its leadership role in the G20 in 2023; and undertaking domestic reforms in taxation, customs digitization, port modernization, and logistics. Additionally, the global shift toward a "China+1" strategy presents significant opportunities for India to strengthen its role in global manufacturing and trade.

Subthemes:

A. Commodities and Sectoral Dimensions

- a. India's export basket: Trends and transformations
- b. Agriculture, food security, and trade liberalization
- c. Textiles, gems, and manufacturing: Competing with Asia
- d. Digital services and the knowledge economy as trade commodities
- e. Green commodities and sustainability in trade (renewables, EVs, hydrogen)

B. Trade Agreements and Partnerships

- a. India's bilateral FTAs: Opportunities and challenges
- b. Multilateralism vs. regionalism: India in WTO, RCEP, and BRICS
- c. India and the Global South: Strengthening South–South cooperation
- d. Strategic trade relations with the USA, EU, and the Indo–Pacific
- e. Lessons from CEPA, ECTA, and EFTA Agreements.

C. Trade Policies and Domestic Reforms

- a. India's foreign trade policy: Achievements and gaps
- b. Atmanirbhar Bharat and Make in India in the global context
- c. Production Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme and export competitiveness
- d. Logistics, infrastructure, and ease of doing trade
- e. Digitalization of trade: Customs, E-commerce, and blockchain
- f. Climate Policy, Carbon Border Taxes, and India's Response.

D. Cross-Cutting Global Issues

- a. Global supply chain shifts and India's role in "China+1" strategy.
- b. Trade and technology: AI, data flows, and cybersecurity in commerce
- c. Sustainable trade: ESG, carbon neutrality, and the global green transition
- d. Geopolitics of trade: Conflict, sanctions, and India's balancing act.
- e. Future of global trade governance: India's voice in WTO and G20.
- f. USA–India Trade Issues

THEME 2:

Circular Economy of Odisha

Traditional linear economic systems based on the “take–make–dispose” model accelerate resource extraction and waste generation, whereas circular economy principles—emphasizing durability, reuse, remanufacturing, recycling, and service-based models—offer greater resilience and new economic opportunities. By reframing production and consumption around resource efficiency and value retention, the circular economy minimizes waste and converts discarded materials into productive inputs, but its adoption depends on supportive policies and fiscal incentives, adequate collection and recycling infrastructure, appropriate technologies and skills, functioning markets for secondary materials, and active engagement of stakeholders including government, industry, the informal sector, civil society, and communities. For Odisha, where mining, steel, power, agriculture, fisheries, and small-scale manufacturing dominate, the transition to a circular economy presents a pathway to decouple growth from resource depletion, reduce pollution, support MSMEs, generate green employment, and ensure sustainable livelihoods for rural, industrial, and coastal communities while improving overall environmental outcomes.

Subthemes:

A. Waste to Wealth: Industrial & Urban By-Products

- Utilisation of industrial waste (fly ash, slag, dolochar, gypsum, etc.) for value-added products
- Urban municipal waste (plastic, e-waste, battery, tyre waste): Collection, segregation, and recycling

B. Circularity in Resource-Intensive Sectors

- Mineral & metal industries: By-product reuse and closed loops
- Textiles, infrastructure, construction: sustainable materials, lifecycle design

C. Policy, Governance, and Vision Frameworks for Circular Economy

- Odisha's Circular Economy Vision 2036: Pillars, strategies, and stakeholder roles
- Regulatory, incentive, and institutional mechanisms: What works and what needs to be improved.

D. Role of MSMEs, Rural Livelihoods and Community Participation

- Integrating circular economy practices in MSMEs: Challenges, financing, and technology
- Rural economy and agriculture: Organic farming, bio-inputs, and circularity in food value chains

E. Technology, Innovation and Knowledge Systems

- Eco-design, product redesign, and resource efficiency
- Digital tools for waste tracking, material flow mapping
- Start-ups and research innovations in the circular economy

F. Finance, Investment, and Economic Opportunities

- Business models and market linkages for circular products
- Investment potential in Odisha: Project intents, cost-benefit, job creation
- Funding mechanisms, incentives, PPPs, and green finance

G. Environmental and Social Impacts

- Social inclusion: How underserved communities (tribal, rural) can benefit
- Health impacts of pollution and waste mismanagement
- Linkages with bio-economy, nature-based solutions, and energy transition
- Sustainable tourism, marine and coastal economies

Special Panel Discussion On “Leveraging Circular Economy: Entrepreneurial Opportunities in Green Innovation for Viksit Odisha”

The panel discussion titled “*Leveraging Circular Economy: Entrepreneurial Opportunities in Green Innovation for Viksit Odisha*”, in the 58th Annual Conference of the Odisha Economic Association (OEA), is firmly anchored in India's and Odisha's long-term development visions. India's Viksit Bharat@2047 vision places strong emphasis on inclusive growth, sustainability, innovation, technological advancement, job creation, and leadership in green energy as core drivers for transforming the country into a developed economy by 2047. Complementing this national vision, Viksit Odisha@2036 seeks to position Odisha as a prosperous and progressive state by 2036, with ambitious economic targets of achieving a USD 500 billion economy by 2036 and USD 1.5 trillion by 2047. The vision prioritises rural empowerment, prosperity for all, technological leadership, and citizen-centric governance, while fostering sustainable and resilient economic development.

REGISTRATION INFORMATION

In this broader context, initiatives such as the Utkarsh Odisha–Make in Odisha Conclave 2025 have played a catalytic role in attracting global investments, accelerating industrial growth, and highlighting emerging sustainable sectors, including renewable energy, green fuels, and the circular economy, thereby reinforcing Odisha's strategic importance in India's development trajectory.

Odisha's economic landscape is characterised by abundant natural endowments in minerals, agriculture, and renewable energy, which provide a strong foundation for its transition towards a green economy encompassing energy transition, circular economy, and bio-economy pathways. Estimates suggest that such a transition could generate nearly 10 lakh new jobs, attract investments worth approximately INR 3.5 lakh crore, and significantly enhance the state's gross domestic product by 2030. Alongside this, Odisha's startup ecosystem has witnessed rapid expansion, now comprising over 3,200 startups, with a growing concentration in clean technology and agri-tech sectors. This transformation is also reshaping waste streams into valuable economic resources through emerging value chains such as waste-to-energy, sustainable materials, and nature-based solutions, thereby integrating environmental responsibility with economic opportunity. However, despite this potential, the state continues to face significant challenges arising from resource depletion, large-scale industrial waste generation, and heightened climate vulnerability due to its long coastline, which increases exposure to cyclones and floods. Balancing rapid industrialisation with environmental protection remains a persistent challenge, compounded by gaps in policy coordination, financing mechanisms, skill availability, and supporting infrastructure necessary for scaling green initiatives

Against this backdrop, the panel discussion assumes particular significance as it focuses on the role of entrepreneurship in leveraging circular economy principles to drive green innovation and inclusive growth in Odisha. The deliberations are intended to explore entrepreneurial opportunities emerging from circular economy models, especially in areas such as waste management, recycling, resource efficiency, renewable energy, bio-economy, and sustainable manufacturing. Equal emphasis is placed on examining policy enablers, ecosystem support mechanisms, and real-world success stories that can strengthen green startups and micro, small, and medium enterprises in the state. The discussion also seeks to address critical challenges related to financing, skill development, technology adoption, and inclusive growth pathways, while fostering meaningful dialogue among policymakers, industry leaders, academics, researchers, and entrepreneurs. By generating actionable insights and collaborative recommendations, the panel aims to contribute substantively to academia–industry–government partnerships and to Odisha's broader strategy for sustainable economic transformation in alignment with the vision of Viksit Odisha.

Last Date of Registration

20 January 2026

Registration Form Link:

<https://forms.gle/TkPt7GWyWnVRuxbWA>

Registration Fee Details

Category	With Accommodation (₹)	Without Accommodation (₹)
Life Members	1,000	500
Life Members (Students / Research Scholars)	750	500
Annual Members	1,500	500
Annual Members (Students / Research Scholars)	1,000	500

Payment Details

Account Name: KSOT PROJECTS
Bank Name: Indian Bank, KIIT Branch
Account Number: 50029573273
IFSC Code: IDIB000K717



Participants are advised to retain the payment proof and submit it during registration.

Note: Spot Registration is not allowed

PRE-CONFERENCE WORKSHOP ON FEBRUARY 5-6, 2025

As part of the 58th Annual Conference of the Odisha Economic Association (OEA), a Pre-Conference Workshop and Research Poster Presentation has been approved and will be organised in collaboration with the School of Economics and Commerce, KIIT Deemed to be University, Bhubaneswar. This academic initiative is conceived as a capacity-building and research-orientation programme aimed at nurturing young scholars and strengthening empirical research skills in the social sciences. The workshop will be held at the School of Economics and Commerce, KIIT Deemed to be University, on 5-6 February 2026, from 9.30 a.m. to 7.00 p.m., immediately preceding the main conference scheduled from 7 February 2026 onwards.

The Pre-Conference Workshop is open to students pursuing undergraduate, postgraduate, and doctoral programmes in social science disciplines from colleges and universities across Odisha. Doctoral scholars who have already submitted their research papers for the Annual Conference of OEA are also eligible to attend the workshop without presenting posters. Participation in the workshop is linked to the submission of a research poster, and selected applicants will be invited to attend and present their work. The initiative is designed to provide an academically rigorous yet supportive environment for early-stage researchers, particularly those preparing research projects, dissertations, or doctoral proposals.

The workshop will focus on strengthening applied research and data analysis capabilities among participants. The scope of learning includes open data exploration, data analysis using tables, graphs, and descriptive statistics, measurement and interpretation of economic growth rates and inequalities, and applied techniques for analysing firm-level input-output data from a production frontier perspective using Data Envelopment Analysis (DEA). In addition to technical sessions, the workshop will include structured research poster presentations, enabling participants to receive scholarly feedback and engage in academic dialogue. To recognise research excellence, awards will be conferred for the best poster presentations, thereby encouraging high-quality and original research contributions.

The academic sessions will be conducted by eminent resource persons drawn from leading institutions, ensuring strong conceptual grounding as well as practical orientation. The Pre-Conference Workshop and Research Poster Presentation is intended to serve as an important academic platform for mentoring young researchers, fostering research networks, and enhancing the overall scholarly engagement of the Annual Conference. By integrating training, presentation, and interaction, this initiative reinforces the Association's commitment to research capacity building and the development of future scholars in economics and allied social science disciplines.

Important Dates

Submission deadline : **20 January 2026**
Notification of acceptance : **22 January 2026**
Registration starts : **23 January 2026**
Registration closes : **31 January 2026**

ABOUT KIIT DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY



Kalinga Institute of Industrial Technology (KIIT), a household name in the education sector, has become a sought-after destination in India for professional studies. It is admired all over for the quality of its academic courses, its community outreach work and as a university of compassion and humanitarianism. It has become a case study because no other educational institution in India has grown in its scope and scale as much as KIIT has in a short span of 25 years. Its incredible transformation is truly a journey from Soil to Silver.

KIIT started in 1992-93 as an Industrial Training Institution. However, 1997 is considered the base year for the University as undergraduate and postgraduate courses in Engineering, Management and Computer Applications were added. In 2007, many new schools were added to its umbrella – School of Law, Biotechnology, Medical Sciences, Dental Sciences, Nursing, Mass Communication, Film and Media, Fashion and KIIT International School. Since then, there has been no looking back! Today, KIIT offers professional education to students from across India and more than 70 countries, with over 30,000 students pursuing undergraduate, postgraduate, and PhD courses in the University, and 10,000 enrolled across its other programmes. This includes 2000 international students from 65 countries. The alumni of KIIT, over a lakh of them, have made their mark in their respective careers in academics, corporate organizations, civil services and enterprise.

One would find it difficult to imagine that such a celebrated institution with a global reputation was established by an unassuming humble being, Dr Achyuta Samanta, the Founder of KIIT and KISS, who started the institute with all of Rs 5000 as the initial investment. He had big dreams and a passion to make a difference. Dr Samanta started KIIT in two rented rooms with 12 students and 2 staff.

ABOUT SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS & COMMERCE



The modest institution has now grown to incomprehensible proportions and is spread over a vast 36-square-kilometre academic township. Its 30 lush green campuses employ over 3000 eminent faculty and researchers and 15000 staff. KIIT and KISS together is a family of over a lakh people. The campus houses a 2600-bedded super speciality hospital, KIMS, a multi-storey central library, a central research facility, a 22-storey research and innovation wing, auditoriums – the largest one with 5000 seating capacity, 18 sports complexes, many international standard stadiums covering all sports, 30 food courts, and a rose garden. The institution takes pride in being the greenest campus in India.

It has received all accreditations and affiliations from prestigious national and international bodies such as the Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology (ABET), USA and the Institution of Engineering and Technology, (IET), UK because of its quality research, innovation, and publications and citations. KIIT has had an excellent placement record since its inception owing to its quality teaching and learning process, and the brand value that it carries. KIIT is ranked in the cohort of 501-600 in the Times Higher Education 'World University Ranking 2026'. Its Computer Science Engineering ranks in the cohort of 301-400 and its overall Engineering ranking is 401-500 in the world. KIIT has been accredited with an A++ grade by the National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC) with an all-India 17th rank by the National Institution of Ranking Framework, NIRF, Ministry of Education. It has also been the top university for innovation among private institutions for two consecutive years (2020, 2021) according to AICTE, Government of India. It has been ranked 168 among universities in the world as per the Times Higher Education Young University Ranking 2024.

KIIT has made colossal contributions to sports, having produced 23 Olympians. The University has been honoured with the CII Sportstar Award, FICCI India Sports Award, and Rashtriya Khel Protsahan Puruskar 2022 for its outstanding promotion of sports and encouragement through Corporate Social Responsibility. Additionally, KIIT and KISS serve as the nodal centres for the FIFA Football for Schools Programme in Asia. Beyond its immense contributions to the development of the state and the city, KIIT has also promoted local art, culture, sculpture, rural development, literature, and spiritualism. All these achievements have been possible because of its founder, Dr. Achyuta Samanta—lovingly called Samanta Sir—who embodies principles, discipline, hard work, and selfless service. It truly is an inspiring story of a humble man steering two institutions to glory despite all the hardships and struggles.

KIIT School of Economics & Commerce (KSEC), a constituent of KIIT-DU, has rapidly emerged as a centre of academic excellence and innovation. Established initially in 2019, it was renamed to School of Economics and Commerce on May 15, 2024, reflecting its evolving focus and academic scope. Despite its relatively recent inception, KSEC has earned recognition for its strong educational foundation, vibrant extracurricular culture, and growing student intake, bolstered by an impressive placement record. With a clear vision to become a globally acclaimed centre for multidisciplinary studies and research, the school adopts an outcome-based teaching approach that prioritizes experiential learning, human values, and innovation driven by modern technologies. Its pedagogy is designed to prepare students for the dynamic needs of the industry through practical knowledge and research. KSEC was among the first institutions in the state to implement the National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, underlining its commitment to progressive and flexible education models. It offers a wide range of undergraduate, postgraduate, and doctoral programs in Economics and Commerce disciplines, supported by a panel of expert faculty who mentor students through career-oriented internships, academic guidance, and skill development. Its newly launched flagship programs, B.Sc (FinTech & Business Analytics) and B.Sc. (Economics with Data Analytics), aims to enable students to analyze complex economic and financial problems, inform policy decisions, and drive data-driven business strategies. Through a dynamic calendar of academic and extracurricular events, KSEC continues to nurture the holistic development of its students, aligning education with real-world challenges and opportunities. The thought inspires the school, "Choice and not Chance determines destiny", and envisages creating an advanced centre of professional learning of international standing where the pursuit of knowledge and excellence shall reign supreme, unfettered by the barriers of nationality, language, cultural plurality, and religion.

TEMPLE CITY BHUBANESWAR



Bhubaneswar, the capital city of Odisha, is a unique urban centre where ancient heritage and modern city life coexist in remarkable harmony. Widely known as the “Temple City of India,” Bhubaneswar is home to some of the finest surviving examples of early medieval Indian temple architecture. Prominent among these are the Lingaraj Temple, a masterpiece of Kalinga architecture and a major centre of Shaivite worship, the Mukteswar Temple, often referred to as the “Gem of Odisha architecture,” and the Rajarani Temple, noted for its refined carvings and historical significance. Beyond its temples, Bhubaneswar also offers rich archaeological and cultural attractions such as the Odisha State Museum, Udayagiri and Khandagiri Caves, and the expansive Nandankanan Zoological Park, which is internationally known for its white tigers and natural enclosures. The city also serves as a gateway to nearby destinations of global repute, including the Konark Sun Temple and Puri, both located within comfortable driving distance. In addition to its cultural wealth, Bhubaneswar is recognised for its planned urban design, greenery, and quality of life. It has emerged as a major educational and administrative hub in eastern India, hosting premier universities, research institutions, and healthcare facilities. The city has earned national recognition under various urban development and smart city initiatives for its cleanliness, governance, and citizen-centric infrastructure, making it an attractive destination for academic and professional gatherings.

Bhubaneswar is well connected by air, rail, and road, ensuring convenient access for participants traveling from across India and abroad. The Biju Patnaik International Airport serves as the city's primary air gateway, offering regular domestic flights and select international connections. The airport is located approximately 12 kilometres from KIIT Deemed to be University, and the campus can be reached in about 25–30 minutes by taxi or app-based cab services. Rail connectivity to Bhubaneswar is equally strong. The Bhubaneswar Railway Station is a major junction on the East Coast Railway network and lies at a distance of approximately 10 kilometres from KIIT Deemed to be University. The campus is easily accessible from the station through city buses, auto-rickshaws, and cabs. Another convenient rail access point is the Mancheswar Railway Station, which is located closer to the northern part of the city.

For road travel, Bhubaneswar is well linked to major cities in Odisha and neighbouring states through national and state highways. The principal inter-state bus terminal, Baramunda Bus Stand, is situated about 5 kilometres from KIIT Deemed to be University and provides frequent bus services to destinations across the region. Within the city, an efficient network of public buses, app-based taxis, and auto-rickshaws ensures smooth and reliable local transportation. With its rich cultural attractions and robust transport infrastructure, Bhubaneswar offers both an enriching experience and logistical convenience for conference participants.

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Food & Catering Committee :

Dr. Suvendu Barik
 Dr. Arya Kumar
 Dr. Sanjaya Kumar Lenka
 Dr. Prakash Chandra Swain
 Dr. Sarbeswar Mohanty
 Dr. Manas Pedi
 Dr. Nirupama Mohanty
 Dr. Ruchipriya Khilar
 Ms. Maita Dash

Dr. Sonal Jain

Social Media & Reporting Committee :

Dr. Suvendu Barik
 Dr. Sugyanta Priyadarshini
 Dr. Himanshu Agarwall
 Jyotisankar Mishra
 Dr. Seba Mohanty
 Dr. Queen Sarkar

Pre-Conference Workshop Committee :

Dr. Sanjaya Kumar Lenka
 Dr. Ruchi Priya Khilar
 Dr. Sameer Shekhar
 Dr. Ananya Mitra
 Dr. Smrutirekha Mohanty
 Dr. Nirupama Mohanty

Cultural Committee :

Dr. Arya Kumar
 Dr. Lopamudra Lenka
 Dr. Deepti Mishra
 Dr. Nirupama Mohanty

